

Prepared by: Edward J. Merchant Report created on February 28, 2022

## HB1001 ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY; COVID-19 IMMUNIZATIONS

(LEHMAN M) Allows the secretary of family and social services (secretary) to issue a waiver of human services statutory provisions and administrative rules if the secretary determines that the waiver is necessary to claim certain enhanced federal matching funds available to the Medicaid program. Allows the secretary to issue an emergency declaration for purposes of participating in specified authorized federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) emergency allotments. Requires the secretary to prepare and submit any waivers or emergency declarations to the budget committee. Allows the state health commissioner of the state department of health or the commissioner's designated public health authority to issue standing orders, prescriptions, or protocols to administer or dispense certain immunizations for individuals who are at least five years old (current law limits the age for the commissioner's issuance of standing orders, prescriptions, and protocols for individuals who are at least 11 years old). Defines "Indiana governmental entity" and specifies that an Indiana governmental entity (current law refers to a state or local unit) may not issue or require an immunization passport. Provides that an individual is not disqualified from unemployment benefits if the individual has complied with the requirements for seeking an exemption from an employer's COVID-19 immunization requirements and was discharged from employment for failing or refusing to receive an immunization against COVID-19. Provides that an employer may not impose a requirement that employees receive an immunization against COVID-19 unless the employer provides individual exemptions that allow an employee to opt out of the requirement on the basis of medical reasons, religious reasons, or immunity from COVID-19 acquired from a prior infection with COVID-19.

Current Status: 2/28/2022 - House Bills on Third Reading

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Amendment #5 (Taylor G) failed; Roll Call

250: yeas 20, nays 28

2/24/2022 - Second reading amended, ordered engrossed

State Bill Page: HB1001

**HB1002** 

**VARIOUS TAX MATTERS** (BROWN T) Removes a provision that requires taxpayers to have adjusted gross income tax liability in order to qualify for an automatic taxpayer refund. Makes clarifying changes. Provides that before the state lottery commission may implement an expansion of gaming either by adopting rules, entering into contracts, or any other action, the rule, contract, or action must be authorized by the general assembly. Defines "expansion of gaming" for purposes of the requirement. Requires each local unit that imposes an innkeeper's tax or food and beverage tax to annually report information concerning distributions and expenditures of amounts received from the innkeeper's tax or food and beverage tax. Extends the Nashville food and beverage tax expiration date from July 1, 2023, to July 1, 2043. Provides that food and beverage taxes currently authorized under IC 6-9 and that do not otherwise contain an expiration date (other than the stadium and convention building authority food and beverage tax and the historic hotels food and beverage tax) shall expire on the later of: (1) January 1, 2042 (or in the case of Monroe County, January 1, 2044); or (2) the date on which all bonds or lease agreements outstanding on March 15, 2022, are completely paid. Requires each local unit that imposes a food and beverage tax that is subject to the expiration provision to provide to the department of local government finance (department) a list of each bond or lease agreement outstanding on March 15, 2022, and the date on which each will be completely paid. Requires the department to publish the information on the gateway Internet web site.

Current Status: 2/28/2022 - House Bills on Third Reading

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Second reading ordered engrossed

2/24/2022 - House Bills on Second Reading

State Bill Page: HB1002

HB1004

**DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION** (FRYE R) Amends and updates certain terms involving direct placement in a community corrections program. Updates the definition of "community corrections program". Specifies that a court may suspend any portion of a sentence and order a person to be placed in a community corrections program for the part of the sentence which must be executed. Provides that a person placed on a level of supervision as part of a community corrections program: (1) is entitled to earned good time credit; (2) may not earn educational credit; and (3) may be deprived of earned good time credit. Provides that when a person completes a placement program, the court may place the person on probation. Provides that a court may commit a person convicted of a Level 6 felony for an offense committed after June 30, 2022, to the department of correction (department), and that, consistent with current law, a court may commit a person convicted of a Level 6 felony for an offense committed before July 1, 2022, to the department only if certain circumstances exist. Establishes certain conditions of parole for a person on lifetime parole and makes the violation of parole conditions and commission of specified other acts by a person on lifetime parole a Level 6 felony, with an enhancement to a Level 5 felony for a second or subsequent offense. Provides that, for purposes of calculating accrued time and good time credit, a calendar day includes a partial calendar day. Makes conforming changes.

*Current Status:* 2/22/2022 - added as cosponsor Senator Charbonneau *Recent Status:* 2/22/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 228: yeas 46,

nays 3

2/22/2022 - House Bills on Third Reading

State Bill Page: HB1004

FIREARMS MATTERS (SMALTZ B) Repeals the law that requires a person to obtain a license to carry a handgun in Indiana. Specifies that certain persons who are not otherwise prohibited from carrying or possessing a handgun are not required to obtain or possess a license or permit from the state to carry a handgun in Indiana. Prohibits certain individuals from knowingly or intentionally carrying a handgun. Creates the crime of "unlawful carrying of a handgun" and specifies the penalties for committing this crime. Allows particular individuals who do not meet the requirements to receive a handgun license and are not otherwise prohibited to carry a handgun in limited places. Allows a resident of Indiana to obtain in certain circumstances a license to carry a handgun in Indiana. Makes theft of a firearm a Level 5 felony. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming amendments and repeals obsolete provisions.

Current Status: 2/24/2022 - Pursuant to Senate Rule 68(b); reassigned to

Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure

Recent Status: 2/23/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage, as

amended Yeas: 11; Nays: 0

2/23/2022 - Senate Judiciary, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing)

State Bill Page: HB1077

HB1093 EDUC

EDUCATION MATTERS (BEHNING R) Amends the membership and duties of the early learning advisory committee. Makes changes to the definition of "school resource officer". Provides that, after June 30, 2023, if a school corporation or charter school enters into a contract for a school resource officer, certain school corporations or charter schools must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the law enforcement agency that employs or appointed the law enforcement officer who will perform the duties of a school resource officer. Provides that certain parties are prohibited from incentivizing the enrollment, reenrollment, or continued attendance of a student or prospective student by offering or giving an item that has monetary value. Provides that curricular materials and educational services are not considered enrollment incentives. Requires the Indiana charter school board (board) to appoint an executive director to carry out the duties and daily operations of the board. Establishes the executive director's duties. Provides that the board shall establish certain processes. Establishes the Indiana charter school board fund and provides that money in the fund is appropriated continuously for purposes of the board. Provides that the department of education (department) may grant an accomplished practitioner's license under certain conditions. Provides that the instructional days tuition support distribution formula account for certain schools within a school corporation. Authorizes the department to study and, if recommended, use machine scoring. Provides that, after a school receives statewide assessment score reports, a teacher of a student shall discuss the student's statewide assessment results with a parent at the next parent/teacher conference or, if the school does not hold parent/teacher conferences, send a notice to a parent of the student offering to meet with the parent to discuss the results. Provides that the department of education may include in a contract entered into or renewed after June 30, 2022, with a statewide assessment vendor a requirement that the vendor provide a summary of a student's statewide assessment results that meets certain requirements. Requires the department to include in a contract entered into or renewed after June 30, 2022, with a statewide assessment vendor a requirement that the vendor provide a summary of a student's statewide assessment results that meets certain requirements. Provides that, if the total amount of state tuition support that a school corporation receives or will receive during a school year decreases under the student instructional day reduction of tuition support provision by an amount that is equal to or more than \$250,000 from the amount the school corporation would otherwise be eligible to receive during the school year, the budget committee shall review the amount of and the reason for the decrease before the implementation of the decrease. Provides that, if an adjustment by the state board of education (state board) of the count of enrolled eligible pupils for one or more school corporations would increase or decrease the total distribution of state tuition support in an amount that is equal to or more than \$250,000, the adjustment must be reviewed by the budget committee before the state board may adjust the enrollment count. Provides that, if the state board determines that extreme patterns of certain conditions on the count day or the subsequent adjustment date cause the enrollment to be unrepresentative of the enrollment of one or more school corporations by a count of eligible pupils that would increase or decrease the total distribution of state tuition support in an amount that is equal to or more than \$250,000 as a result of changing the count day, the state board may designate another day for determining the enrollment of the one or more school corporations after review by the budget committee. (Current law allows the state board to designate another day for determining a school corporation's enrollment if the state board determines that extreme patterns of certain conditions on the count day or the subsequent adjustment date cause the enrollment to be unrepresentative of the school corporation's enrollment.) Changes the department's review period for certain funds. Repeals a provision concerning staffing of the board. Provides that the state board of education shall assign to a school or school corporation (including adult high schools) a "null" or "no letter grade" for the 2021-2022 school year.

Current Status: 2/28/2022 - House Bills on Second Reading

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted

2/24/2022 - Senate Committee recommends passage, as

amended Yeas: 8; Nays: 4;

State Bill Page: HB1093

**HB1300 BAIL** (MAYFIELD P) Allows a charitable organization to pay bail on behalf of specified non-violent defendants if the organization meets certain criteria and is certified by the commissioner of the department of insurance ("commissioner"). Specifies the circumstances under which a certification may be revoked, and

exempts from the certification requirement a charitable organization that pays bail for not more than two individuals in any 180 day period. Requires the commissioner to adopt rules, including emergency rules, for the certification of charitable bail organizations. Prohibits the state and a political subdivision from: (1) posting bail for any person; or (2) providing a grant to any entity that provides funding for any person who posts bail. Prohibits an entity that has received a grant from the state or a political subdivision from posting bail for any person or providing a grant, directly or indirectly, to an entity that posts bail for any person. Requires a person paying cash bail, including a charitable bail organization, to execute an agreement requiring the court to retain all or part of the bail to pay certain court costs. Requires that bail be returned to the person who posted it. Provides that a case management system developed and operated by the office of judicial administration must include a searchable field for certain information of the bail agent or a person authorized by the surety that pays bail for an individual. Provides that a court may not admit a violent defendant to bail until the court has conducted a hearing in open court. Permits a victim to be heard at the bail hearing for certain defendants. Establishes the violent arrestee pilot project in Marion County, requires a minimum bail amount for a repeat violent arrestee in Marion County, and requires the revocation of bail for a Marion County violent arrestee who commits a new felony while on bail.

Current Status: 2/28/2022 - House Advisors appointed Steuerwald,

McNamara, Smaltz and Austin

Recent Status: 2/28/2022 - House Conferees appointed Mayfield and

Porter

2/28/2022 - House dissented from Senate Amendments

State Bill Page: HB1300

## HB1314 INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY (BARRETT

B) Provides that a surviving spouse or child of a department of homeland security (department) fire investigator is eligible to receive health coverage under the health coverage plan for active employees provided by the employer. Provides that a department fire investigator who is diagnosed with certain health conditions that result in a disability or death is presumed to have incurred the health condition in the line of duty. Provides that, not later than October 31, 2022, the department, department of health, the integrated public safety commission, and the statewide 911 board shall submit recommendations regarding: (1) ways the 911 system can increase interoperability to better facilitate an emergency medical services (EMS) response from the closest and most appropriate resource; and (2) the effectiveness of regionalized trauma systems and their impact on patient care; to the executive director of the legislative services agency for distribution to the general assembly. Provides that a department fire investigator who is diagnosed with certain cancers or heart or lung disease that results in a disability is presumed to have incurred the health condition in the line of duty. Establishes the first responder crisis intervention account within the statewide 9-8-8 trust fund for the purpose of awarding grants to public safety agencies that provide first responder emergency services. Provides that the division of mental health and addiction shall administer

the account. Provides that a fire department is required to report annually to the department information regarding each emergency response by the fire department. Provides that, in the event the fire department does not report information regarding emergency responses, the department may determine that the fire department is ineligible to receive grants administered by the department. Makes changes to how public safety fees from the retail sale of fireworks are distributed. Provides, after June 30, 2023, that the minimum basic training requirements that a volunteer firefighter must complete before the firefighter may perform emergency response duties do not include interior firefighter operations. Makes changes to various definitions used in relation to the provision of emergency medical services. Provides that the department may (rather than shall, under current law) waive any rule adopted by the emergency medical services commission for a person who provides emergency ambulance service, an emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, a paramedic, or an ambulance when operating from a location in an adjoining state. Makes changes to notice requirements for the acquisition and location of a defibrillator. Provides that an individual who holds a license or certification issued by the emergency medical services commission is subject to disciplinary sanctions if the individual fails to notify the department in writing of any misdemeanor or felony criminal conviction, except traffic related misdemeanors other than operating a motor vehicle under the influence of a drug or alcohol, within 90 days after the entry of an order or judgment. Provides that each ambulance service shall participate in a written quality assurance program. Makes changes to the provision relating to data sharing of pre-hospital ambulance reports by the emergency medical services commission or the department. Removes obsolete provisions and makes conforming amendments. Repeals a provision requiring a person who uses a defibrillator to contact the ambulance service provider or the fire department that provides ambulance service for the area as soon as practicable.

Current Status: 2/22/2022 - added as second sponsor Senator Crider

Recent Status: 2/22/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 242: yeas 48,

nays 0

2/22/2022 - House Bills on Third Reading

State Bill Page: HB1314

BAIL FOR VIOLENT ARRESTEES (YOUNG M) Defines "violent crime", "violent arrestee", "repeat violent arrestee", and "minimum bail amount", and requires: (1) a court to review the probable cause affidavit or arrest warrant before releasing a violent arrestee or repeat violent arrestee on bail; (2) bail to be set for a violent arrestee or repeat violent arrestee following a hearing in open court; and (3) a repeat violent arrestee released on bail to pay 100% of the minimum bail amount by cash deposit. Prohibits a third party who is not a close relative of a repeat violent arrestee from posting bail for the repeat violent arrestee. Requires mandatory bail revocation for a violent arrestee who commits a felony while released. Provides for victim notification of bail hearings. Requires nonmonetary release for non-violent arrestees under certain circumstances. Makes conforming amendments.

Current Status: 1/31/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

Recent Status: 1/31/2022 - First Reading

1/25/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Koch

State Bill Page: SB6

MARION COUNTY CRIME REDUCTION PILOT (SANDLIN J) Establishes the Marion County crime reduction board (board) as part of the Marion County crime reduction pilot project. Allows the board to approve interoperability agreements between law enforcement agencies to expand the duties and responsibilities of law enforcement agencies operating in downtown Indianapolis. Requires the board to annually report certain information to the legislative council.

Current Status: 2/28/2022 - Senate Advisors appointed Freeman, Pol and

Crider

Recent Status: 2/28/2022 - Senate Conferees appointed Sandlin and

Taylor G

2/28/2022 - House Advisors appointed Jeter, Young J,

Moed and Shackleford

State Bill Page: SB7

NONPROFIT BAIL FUNDING (FREEMAN A) Allows a charitable organization to pay bail on behalf of a defendant if the organization meets certain criteria. Exempts from the certification requirement a charitable organization that pays bail for not more than two individuals in any 180 day period. Prohibits the state and a political subdivision from: (1) posting bail for any person; or (2) providing a grant to any entity that provides funding for any person. Requires a court to apply the bail to certain court costs. Prohibits an entity that has received a grant from the state or a political subdivision from posting bail for any person or providing a grant, directly or indirectly, to an entity that posts bail for any person.

Current Status: 1/31/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

Recent Status: 1/31/2022 - First Reading

1/25/2022 - added as coauthor Senator Koch

State Bill Page: SB8

ELECTRONIC MONITORING STANDARDS (WALKER K) Requires the justice reinvestment advisory council to conduct a review of statutes concerning electronic monitoring and home detention and provide a recommendation with regard to electronic monitoring standards to the legislative council in an electronic format not later than December 1, 2022. Establishes standards, including notification time frames, for persons and entities responsible for monitoring individuals required to wear a monitoring device as a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or community corrections. Provides immunity for acts or omissions performed in connection with implementing monitoring standards. Provides that a defendant commits escape if: (1) the defendant disables or interferes with the operation of an electronic monitoring device; or (2) the defendant violates certain conditions of home detention (under current law, any violation of a condition of home detention constitutes escape). Makes escape committed by a

juvenile status offender a status offense under certain circumstances. Makes conforming amendments.

Current Status: 2/25/2022 - Motion to concur filed

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 272: yeas 85,

nays 2

2/24/2022 - Senate Bills on Third Reading

State Bill Page: SB9

## SB10 MARION COUNTY VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PILOT (CRIDER

M) Permits establishment of the: (1) Marion County violent crime reduction pilot project; and (2) Marion County violent crime reduction pilot project fund; to identify violent crime reduction districts in Marion County and to provide grants for overtime, violent crime reduction programs, and additional law enforcement services in the violent crime reduction districts. Defines "violent crime reduction district".

Current Status: 2/15/2022 - added as cosponsor Representative

Shackleford

Recent Status: 2/10/2022 - Referred to House Ways and Means

2/10/2022 - Committee Report do pass, adopted

State Bill Page: SB10

**SB19 SENTENCE ENHANCEMENT FOR USE OF FIREARM** (GASKILL M) Adds

an investigator for the inspector general to the definition of "police officer" for purposes of the statute providing a sentence enhancement for individuals who point or discharge a firearm at a police officer while committing certain crimes.

*Current Status:* 2/23/2022 - Returned to the Senate without amendments *Recent Status:* 2/22/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 224: yeas 92,

nays 0

2/22/2022 - Senate Bills on Third Reading

State Bill Page: SB19

SB76 MEET AND CONFER FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES (BOOTS

P) Allows an employer or an exclusive recognized representative of full-time employees of a police or fire department (exclusive representative) to request, in specified circumstances, an advisory opinion from the commissioner of labor (commissioner). Specifies a process by which an employer or exclusive representative may appeal in certain instances to the commissioner to request mediation and conciliation. Makes technical corrections and a conforming amendment.

Current Status: 2/24/2022 - Senate Concurred in House Amendments;

Roll Call 263: yeas 47, nays 0

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Concurrences Eligible for Action

2/23/2022 - Motion to concur filed

State Bill Page: SB76

**SB77** STATE POLICE PENSION TRUSTEE (BOOTS P) Urges the legislative council to assign to the interim study committee on pension management oversight the task of studying whether the trustee of the state police pension trust and the police benefit fund should be the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement system. Specifies that the corpus and income of the pension trust shall be distributed to participants and their beneficiaries in accordance with certain provisions.

Current Status: 1/31/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and

Pensions

Recent Status: 1/31/2022 - First Reading

1/25/2022 - added as second author Senator Rogers

State Bill Page: SB77

**SB78** 

1977 PENSION AND DISABILITY FUND (BOOTS P) Provides that after July 1, 2022, if the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement system (system board) determines that a new police officer or firefighter in the public employees' retirement fund (PERF) should be a member of the 1977 fund, the system board

shall require the employer to transfer the member into the 1977 fund and contribute the amount that the system board determines is necessary to fund fully the member's service credit in the 1977 fund for all service earned as a police officer or firefighter in PERF. Provides that a police officer or firefighter who is an active member of the 1977 fund with an employer that participates in the 1977 fund, separates from that employer, and more than 180 days after the date of the separation becomes employed as a full-time police officer or firefighter with the same or a second employer that participates in the 1977 fund, is a member of the 1977 fund without meeting the age limitations under certain circumstances. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on pension management oversight.)

> Current Status: 2/23/2022 - Returned to the Senate without amendments Recent Status: 2/22/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 229: yeas 92,

2/22/2022 - Senate Bills on Third Reading

State Bill Page: **SB78** 

**SB79** 1977 PENSION AND DISABILITY FUND (BOOTS P) Establishes the 1977 fund defined contribution plan (plan). Provides that current employees may make contributions to the plan. Specifies rules and requirements for the plan concerning items that include member elections, member contributions, vesting, rollover distributions, and withdrawal of funds. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on pension management oversight.)

> Current Status: 2/1/2022 - added as cosponsor Representative Andrade M Recent Status: 1/31/2022 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and

> > Pensions

1/31/2022 - First Reading

State Bill Page: SB79

SB80 CODE PUBLICATION BILL (YOUNG M) Repeals and relocates specific Indiana Code chapters consisting of definitions or statutory lists for organization of the provisions by alphabetical or Code cite order. Updates the statutory lists. Makes no substantive change to law. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the code revision commission.)

Current Status: 2/24/2022 - Senate Advisors appointed Brown L and

Taylor G

Recent Status: 2/24/2022 - Senate Conferees appointed Young M and

Randolph Lonnie M

2/24/2022 - House Advisors appointed Steuerwald, Torr

and Boy

State Bill Page: SB80

POLICE LOG INFORMATION (WALKER K) Provides that certain information contained in a daily log of a law enforcement agency relating to the victim of a crime or delinquent act who is less than 18 years of age may not be disclosed by a public agency without the consent of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, unless access to the records is specifically required by a state or federal statute or is ordered by a court under the rules of discovery. Provides that the information may be disclosed to the department of child services. Provides that a law enforcement agency shall maintain a daily log or record that lists suspected or investigated crimes, accidents, or complaints. (Current law provides that a law enforcement agency shall maintain a daily log or record that lists suspected crimes, accidents, or complaints.) Prohibits, after June 30, 2023, the broadcast of a Social Security number by police radio unless the broadcast is encrypted.

Current Status: 2/22/2022 - Senate Concurred in House Amendments;

Roll Call 247: yeas 47, nays 1

Recent Status: 2/22/2022 - Concurrences Eligible for Action

2/21/2022 - Motion to concur filed

State Bill Page: SB117

**SELF-DEFENSE** (BALDWIN S) Specifies that "reasonable force" includes the pointing of a loaded or unloaded firearm for purposes of self-defense and arrest statutes.

Current Status: 2/7/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

Recent Status: 2/7/2022 - First Reading

2/2/2022 - Referred to House

State Bill Page: SB143

SB158 PUBLIC SAFETY TELECOMMUNICATORS (CRIDER M) Provides that each unit shall establish certain basic training requirements and continuing education requirements for public safety telecommunicators. Provides that costs associated with basic training requirements are considered operating expenses of the statewide

911 system. Permits a public safety agency to seek reimbursement from the board for certain training expenses. Requires PSAP's to annually report continuing education requirements for public safety telecommunicators to the board.

Current Status: 2/24/2022 - Signed by the Speaker

Recent Status: 2/21/2022 - Signed by the President Pro Tempore

2/15/2022 - Returned to the Senate without amendments

State Bill Page: SB158

**SB165 NONCOMPLIANT PROSECUTOR** (YOUNG M) Permits the attorney general to request the appointment of a special prosecuting attorney if a prosecuting attorney is categorically refusing to prosecute certain crimes, and establishes a procedure for the appointment of a person to serve as a special prosecuting attorney to prosecute cases that the county prosecuting attorney is refusing to prosecute.

Current Status: 2/7/2022 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

Recent Status: 2/7/2022 - First Reading

2/2/2022 - Referred to House

State Bill Page: SB165

SB294 LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING BOARD (CRIDER M) Changes the membership of the law enforcement training board. Requires the creation of certain statewide policies and training programs. Requires the creation of minimum standards for certain best practices.

*Current Status:* 2/22/2022 - Returned to the Senate without amendments *Recent Status:* 2/21/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 220: yeas 97,

nays 0

2/21/2022 - added as cosponsors Representatives Lauer,

Andrade M, Moseley, Harris

State Bill Page: SB294

SB347 TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT (MISHLER R) Authorizes police officers appointed by a tribe to exercise police powers in Indiana if the tribal police officer meets the standards of the Indiana law enforcement academy. Provides that a tribe may authorize a tribal police officer to exercise police powers in the entire state, or in any part of the state, if certain conditions are met. Requires a tribe seeking to employ an individual as a tribal police officer who will exercise police powers in Indiana to request the individual's employment history, if the individual was previously employed by a law enforcement agency. Makes conforming amendments.

Current Status: 2/22/2022 - Returned to the Senate with amendments

Recent Status: 2/21/2022 - added as cosponsors Representatives Bauer M

and DeLaney

2/21/2022 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 212: yeas 95,

nays 0

State Bill Page: SB347