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### **Legislative Report #5, 2026**

House Bills failing to pass third reading by yesterday's deadline are now dead and have been marked as such in this report. You can now readily identify all dead bills at this juncture in the session. Remember, the dead bills will be removed from next week's report.

Please review Legislative Report #5, 2026 and contact President Owensby or me if you have any questions.

- HB1015**     **INDIANA NATIONAL GUARD** (GORE M) Provides that the governor may not, with certain exceptions, order a member of the Indiana National Guard to perform any law enforcement duty that may result in the surveillance, apprehension, detention, or arrest of an individual.
- Current Status:*** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)
- Recent Status:*** 12/1/2025 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
12/1/2025 - First Reading
- Current Bill Text:*** [HB1015](#)
- HB1021**     **FIREARM STORAGE** (GORE M) Provides that a person having the care of a dependent who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally fails to secure a loaded firearm in the person's residence or vehicle commits neglect of a dependent, a Level 6 felony, if the dependent uses the firearm to cause bodily injury or death to any person. Enhances the offense to a Level 5 felony in particular instances. Specifies exceptions and defenses. Specifies sign requirements for retail dealers. Defines terms and makes conforming amendments.
- Current Status:*** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)
- Recent Status:*** 12/1/2025 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
12/1/2025 - First Reading
- Current Bill Text:*** [HB1021](#)
- HB1039**     **VARIOUS IMMIGRATION MATTERS** (PRESCOTT J) Provides that if a law enforcement officer, governmental body, or postsecondary educational institution is made a party to a civil suit and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of certain acts, the attorney general shall defend the law enforcement officer, governmental body, or postsecondary educational institution throughout the action. Clarifies that the enforcement of federal immigration laws may be carried out by federal, state, or local law enforcement. Removes the mens rea standard in the statute concerning governmental bodies or postsecondary institutions violating the citizenship and immigration status information and enforcement of federal laws chapter. Provides that a governmental body that has the custody of an individual who is the subject of an immigration detainer request shall: (1) provide the judge authorized to grant or deny the individual's release on bail notice that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (2) record in the individual's case file that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (3) comply with the immigration detainer request; and (4) inform the individual that the individual is being held pursuant to an immigration detainer request. Provides immunity to



a governmental body or an employee of a governmental body for any action taken concerning an immigration detainer request. Prohibits a political subdivision from taking certain actions to aid, assist, incentivize, or facilitate the migration of any alien or class of aliens into Indiana. Provides that if the attorney general determines that probable cause exists that a governmental entity has not complied with an immigration detention request, the attorney general may bring a court action to: (1) enjoin an act or practice constituting a violation of an immigration detention request; and (2) impose a civil penalty for noncompliance with an immigration detention request. Requires a judge who receives notice that an individual is subject to an immigration detainer request to ensure that the notice of the immigration detainer request is recorded in the court's record. Prohibits an employer from knowingly or intentionally recruiting, hiring, or employing an unauthorized alien. Provides that if the attorney general determines that probable cause exists that an employer has recruited, hired, or employed an unauthorized alien, the attorney general may enjoin the action and seek the suspension of the employer's operating authorizations. Provides that a governmental entity that employs a prosecuting official is entitled to investigative costs and costs in an indecent nuisance action.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 12/2/2025 - Coauthored by Representatives Bartels, Jeter, Davis  
12/2/2025 - Referred to House Judiciary

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1039](#)

**HB1044 INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES (PRESSEL J)** Provides that a public safety employee who: (1) becomes disabled on or after January 1, 2020; (2) receives a Class 1 or a Class 2 impairment benefit; and (3) is eligible for group health insurance coverage for the public safety employee and the public safety employee's spouse or dependents; must pay the same amount that the public safety employee would have been required to pay if still serving as a current active public safety employee employed by the local unit public employer. Specifies that the public safety employee must file a written request for insurance coverage with the employer before June 1, 2026, or within 90 days after the public safety employee begins receiving disability benefits, whichever is later. Provides that a surviving spouse or dependent of a public safety employee who dies in the line of duty must pay the same amount that the public safety employee would have been required to pay if still serving as a current active public safety employee employed by the local unit public employer for coverage selected by the surviving spouse or dependent under the group health insurance program.

**Current Status:** 1/26/2026 - Referred to Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions

**Recent Status:** 1/26/2026 - First Reading  
1/20/2026 - Senate sponsors: Senators Walker K, Crider

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1044](#)

**HB1056 RESISTING LAW ENFORCEMENT CONFLICT RESOLUTION (MELTZER J)** Resolves a conflict between HEA 1014-2025 and HEA 1637-2025.

**Current Status:** 2/3/2026 - Senate Committee recommends passage Yeas: 7; Nays: 0

**Recent Status:** 2/3/2026 - Senate Corrections and Criminal Law, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing); **Time & Location:** 9:30 AM, Room



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1/27/2026 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1056](#)

**HB1065 BAN ON GRATUITIES FOR PUBLIC OFFICIALS (SLAGER H)** Makes it a Class A misdemeanor for: (1) a person to offer a payment to a public servant as a reward for an official act performed by the public servant for the person; or (2) a public servant to solicit or accept a payment as a reward for an official act performed by the public servant for the person. Increases the penalty to a Level 6 felony if the fair market value of the reward is at least \$750. Exempts: (1) a good or service that is subject to a reporting requirement or otherwise authorized by an applicable rule or code of ethics; (2) a good or service with a value of less than \$100; (3) commemorative or ceremonial items, such as plaques, trophies, or framed photos; (4) lawful political contributions; (5) wages and other forms of work related compensation from the governmental entity employing the public servant that the public servant is legally permitted to receive; or (6) an offer of employment that is not offered as a reward for an official act performed by a public servant. Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally violates a specified provision by commingling the funds of a committee with the personal funds of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee commits a Class A misdemeanor. Enhances the penalty to a Level 6 felony if a person commingles at least \$50,000 of committee funds.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - Senate sponsors: Senators Niemeyer, Freeman

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 168: yeas 85, nays 0

2/2/2026 - House Bills on Third Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1065](#)

**HB1069 CHOICE OF PHYSICIAN FOR WORKER INJURY OR DISEASE (MOSELEY C)** Permits an employee to choose the attending physician who will provide services and goods resulting from an employment injury or occupational disease for purposes of the worker's compensation law.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 12/5/2025 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

12/5/2025 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1069](#)

**HB1089 AUTHORITY TO PROHIBIT FIREARMS IN LOCAL PARKS (ERRINGTON S)** Provides that a unit may prohibit or restrict the possession of a firearm in a public park operated or maintained by the unit.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/6/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Gore

1/5/2026 - Referred to House Local Government

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1089](#)

**HB1091 RESISTING LAW ENFORCEMENT (DELANEY E)** Resolves a conflict between HEA 1014-2025 and HEA 1637-2025.



**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1091](#)

**HB1095 SCHOOL POLICE PENSION MATTERS** (DAVIS M) Makes changes to the definition of a "school resource officer" for provisions relating to the 1977 police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund (1977 fund). Provides that a school police department may participate in the 1977 fund. Establishes requirements for establishing a local board for school police departments. Provides that an appointing authority shall waive the age restriction for a school resource officer for purposes of the 1977 fund if: (1) on the date the individual applies to be appointed and hired, the individual is a veteran who has completed at least 20 years of military service; (2) the individual received or is eligible to receive a discharge from the armed forces of the United States under conditions other than certain specified conditions; and (3) the individual meets all other requirements for appointment and hiring. Provides that a school corporation or charter school that employs a school resource officer must enter into a contract or memorandum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency for the purpose of complying with the reporting and payment requirements for purposes of the 1977 fund. Makes conforming amendments.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/12/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Commons  
1/5/2026 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1095](#)

**HB1121 DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING** (BARTLETT J) Provides that a law enforcement agency that employs a law enforcement officer involved in an officer-involved shooting must administer alcohol and drug testing to the applicable law enforcement officer.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1121](#)

**HB1123 POLICE INVESTIGATIONS RELATING TO PROSTITUTION** (BARTLETT J) Provides that, after June 30, 2026, a law enforcement agency may not authorize the use of public funds by a law enforcement officer to pay for or engage in sexual intercourse, other sexual conduct, or the fondling of the law enforcement officer's or another individual's genitals as part of an investigation of: (1) prostitution; (2) making an unlawful proposition; or (3) promoting prostitution as a Level 5 felony. Provides that a law enforcement officer who knowingly or intentionally: (1) engages in sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct with an individual; (2) has an individual fondle or agree to fondle the genitals of the law enforcement officer; or (3) fondles the genitals of an individual under certain circumstances relating to the law enforcement officer's official duties; commits unlawful sexual conduct by a law enforcement officer, a Level 5 felony. Makes exceptions.



**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1123](#)

**HB1145 THIRTEENTH CHECK (KARICKHOFF M)** Provides for a thirteenth check in calendar year 2026 for certain members, participants, or beneficiaries of the: (1) Indiana state teachers' retirement fund; (2) Indiana public employees' retirement fund; (3) state excise police, gaming agent, gaming control officer, and conservation enforcement officers' retirement plan; (4) state police pre-1987 benefit system; and (5) state police 1987 benefit system.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - Senate sponsor: Senator Buchanan

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - Third reading passed; Roll Call 192: yeas 96, nays 0  
2/2/2026 - House Bills on Third Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1145](#)

**HB1155 TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT (SOLIDAY E)** Establishes a traffic enforcement on private roads pilot project. Provides that a subdivision: (1) that is subject to governance authority by a homeowners association; (2) that contains at least 1,500 lots; and (3) with at least 15 miles of private road that are owned and maintained by the homeowners association; may establish a maximum speed limit. Provides that a law enforcement officer has all police powers necessary to enforce the laws of the state for the regulation and use of vehicles on the private roads within the subdivision governed by the homeowners association. Provides that, with the exception of the maximum speed limit established by the homeowners association, a law enforcement officer may not enforce other rules or requirements established by the homeowners association. Provides that, with certain requirements, a homeowners association may enter into an agreement with or employ an off duty law enforcement officer. Provides that the pilot program expires July 1, 2028.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - Referred to Senate Homeland Security and Transportation

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - First Reading  
1/29/2026 - Referred to Senate

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1155](#)

**HB1188 POLICE PENSION MATTERS (DAVIS M)** Extends eligibility for supplemental pension benefits and incentive increases to employee beneficiaries of the state police 1987 benefit system. (Current law provides eligibility to employee beneficiaries under the state police pre-1987 benefit system.) Modifies the: (1) terms of eligibility for; and (2) calculation of; supplemental pension benefits and incentive increases. Provides that first time payments of and increases to supplemental pension benefits shall be paid or commence beginning in July of each year. Makes changes to the definition of a "school resource officer" for provisions relating to the 1977 police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund (1977 fund). Provides that a school police department may participate in the 1977 fund. Establishes requirements for establishing a local board for school police departments. Provides that an appointing authority shall waive the age restriction for a school resource officer for purposes of the 1977 fund if certain conditions are met. Provides that a school corporation or charter school that employs a school resource officer must enter into a contract or memorandum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency for the



purpose of complying with the reporting and payment requirements for purposes of the 1977 fund. Makes conforming amendments.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/22/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Bartlett  
1/22/2026 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1188](#)

**HB1190** **LINE OF DUTY DISABILITY FROM PFAS EXPOSURE** (NOVAK R) Provides that a health condition that is caused by a PFAS chemical creates a presumption of disability in the line of duty with respect to firefighters under certain circumstances. Defines certain terms. Makes conforming changes.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1190](#)

**HB1191** **DECRIMINALIZATION OF MARIJUANA** (GORE M) Decriminalizes possession of two ounces or less of marijuana.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1191](#)

**HB1194** **BAIL MATTERS** (JETER C) Provides that offenses other than murder are not bailable if the state proves: (1) by a preponderance of the evidence that the proof is evident or the presumption strong; and (2) by clear and convincing evidence that the arrestee is dangerous and that no conditions of release will reasonably protect the safety of other persons or the community. Establishes procedures for a bail hearing.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1194](#)

**HB1207** **TESTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE OPERATOR** (OLTHOFF J) Provides that a law enforcement officer shall offer a chemical test to any person who the officer has reason to believe operated a vehicle that was involved in a fatal accident.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1207](#)



**HB1223** **CRIMES AGAINST LAW ENFORCEMENT** (LOPEZ D) Makes a person who commits an offense that results in serious bodily injury or death to a law enforcement officer a sex or violent offender. Prohibits a court from considering time spent by the defendant in pretrial detention or home detention or on work release when determining the sentence for a crime that resulted in serious bodily injury or death to a law enforcement officer. Makes it a sentencing aggravator if an offense results in serious bodily injury or death to a law enforcement officer. Provides that a person charged with an offense that resulted in serious bodily injury or death to a law enforcement officer may only be released on cash bail.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/12/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Smith H  
1/5/2026 - Coauthored by Representative Garcia Wilburn

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1223](#)

**HB1228** **JUDICIAL IMMUNITY CONCERNING ELECTRONIC MONITORING** (JACKSON C) Adds judges to the list of persons immune from civil liability for certain acts or omissions that occur in connection with the statute establishing electronic monitoring standards. (Current law provides that immunity does not apply to gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.)

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Judiciary  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1228](#)

**HB1233** **MASKING OFFENSES** (YOCUM T) Makes wearing a mask at a public assembly a Class C misdemeanor, and increases the penalty to a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense. Increases the penalty for rioting and disorderly conduct to a Level 6 felony if the offense is committed while wearing a mask.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1233](#)

**HB1292** **AUTOMATED TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SAFETY DEVICES** (JOHNSON B) Authorizes a county or municipality to adopt and enforce an ordinance that regulates the use of an automated traffic enforcement safety device (device) to detect certain violations. Provides a civil penalty for a violation. Specifies that a civil penalty must first be applied to defray the cost of the installation, operation, and maintenance of the device. Specifies the manner in which the remaining money from the civil penalty must be distributed. Prohibits: (1) reporting a violation on a driving record; (2) using a violation to determine rates for motor vehicle insurance; (3) assessing points under the point system by the bureau of motor vehicles (bureau) for a violation; and (4) reselling data collected by an agent operating a device. Requires notification to the bureau, and the suspension of the registration of a motor vehicle if a violation is not paid. Makes conforming changes.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)



**Recent Status:** 1/6/2026 - Referred to House Roads and Transportation  
1/6/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1292](#)

**HB1299 SURRENDER OF FIREARMS FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CRIMES (SMITH V)** Provides that a person who: (1) has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence; and (2) knowingly or intentionally possesses a firearm; commits a Class A misdemeanor. Specifies defenses. Requires a court to issue an order, upon entry of a judgment of conviction for domestic battery or a crime of domestic violence, that: (1) prohibits ownership or possession of a firearm; (2) requires the defendant to surrender: (A) any firearm owned or possessed by the defendant; and (B) any license or permit to carry a handgun (license) owned or possessed by the defendant; and (3) requires confiscation, within 72 hours, of any firearm or license owned or possessed by the defendant. Provides that a domestic batterer who knowingly or intentionally fails to surrender a certain firearm or license commits a Class A misdemeanor, enhanced to a Level 6 felony in specific instances. Provides defenses. Specifies how a confiscated firearm or license shall be returned or disposed of if a person's right to possess a firearm is restored.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/12/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Hamilton  
1/6/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1299](#)

**HB1300 DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (SMITH V)** Allows a member of the 1925 police pension fund, 1937 firefighters' pension fund, 1953 police pension fund (Indianapolis), or 1977 police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund to withdraw from the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) and make an election to enter the DROP for a second time not earlier than three years after the date the member withdraws from the DROP. Provides that a member may make an election to enter the DROP only twice in the member's lifetime.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/6/2026 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
1/6/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1300](#)

**HB1310 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INVESTIGATIONS (BAUER M)** Requires a law enforcement officer to administer a lethality assessment for domestic violence incidents. Requires data to be transmitted to a local domestic violence fatality review team and the statewide domestic violence fatality review committee. Provides that a law enforcement officer responding to the scene of an alleged crime involving domestic or family violence shall use all reasonable means to prevent further violence, including administering a lethality assessment. Provides that all statements communicated in a lethality assessment are not admissible as evidence against the victim in any judicial proceeding and not discoverable in any litigation. Provides that the statewide domestic violence fatality review committee shall collect and analyze data concerning domestic violence lethality assessments. Makes conforming changes.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)



**Recent Status:** 1/13/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Hamilton  
1/12/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Cash

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1310](#)

**HB1320 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORTS (HATCHER R)** Removes language concerning an affidavit from provisions concerning probable cause for battery and domestic battery. Requires a law enforcement officer to provide a victim who requests a protection order with the required forms and appropriate assistance in completing and filing the forms.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/6/2026 - Referred to House Judiciary  
1/6/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1320](#)

**HB1323 BAIL (HATCHER R)** Prohibits a court from requiring an arrestee to pay bail as a condition of pretrial release, unless: (1) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the arrestee is a flight risk or danger to the community; (2) the arrestee is charged with murder or treason; (3) the arrestee is on pretrial release not related to the incident that is the basis for the present arrest; or (4) the arrestee is on probation, parole, or other community supervision. Requires that the amount of bail be the lowest amount required, based on the defendant's financial circumstances, to assure the arrestee's appearance at trial and to protect the community.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/6/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/6/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1323](#)

**HB1363 VARIOUS PUBLIC SAFETY MATTERS (BARTELS S)** Provides that the law enforcement training board (board) shall select an executive director to serve at the pleasure of the board. Provides that a person confined to a county jail may be required to make a copayment in an amount of not more than \$30 (current law is \$15). Provides that a person confined to a county jail is not required to make a certain copayment if, among other things, the person does not have funds in the person's commissary account or trust account within 180 days after the service is provided (current law is 60 days). Provides that a correctional professional is considered a public safety officer for purposes of determining eligibility for line of duty death benefits. (Current law provides that a correctional officer is considered a public safety officer for determining eligibility for line of duty death benefits.) Provides a process for certain sex and sex or violent offenders to submit certain information to the department of correction (department) regarding sex offender status in other states or jurisdictions. Provides that a person who is a: (1) sex offender; or (2) sex or violent offender; shall register for the period required by another jurisdiction or the period in Indiana, whichever is longer. Repeals the integrated public safety commission. Establishes the Indiana department of emergency communications. Changes the name of the "integrated public safety communications fund" to the "emergency communications fund". Provides that if: (1) the department releases a child who is a ward of the department; and (2) the child is less than 18 years of age; the department's wardship of the child ends. Provides that if a child who is a ward of the department is released and no parent or guardian allows the child to live with them, the



department must immediately notify a certain court that the child needs to be a ward of the department of child services. Provides that the department is not required to send certain notices sent by offenders within the jurisdiction of the department by registered or certified mail. Makes it a Class B misdemeanor for a person to knowingly or intentionally possess an imitation firearm: (1) in or on school property; or (2) on a school bus. Provides that the department of emergency communications shall issue a request for proposals (RFP) for the purchase, or before issuing a change order, of any communications systems and equipment by the department that may be made available to public safety agencies. Provides that the communications equipment must be compatible with existing communications equipment used by public safety agencies. Provides that proposals shall be evaluated and awarded on a competitive basis using a scoring rubric established by the department. Makes conforming changes.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/22/2026 - Committee Report amend do pass, adopted  
1/22/2026 - Recommitted to Committee on Ways and Means pursuant to House Rule 126.3

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1363](#)

**HB1375 REPEAL OF INVOLUNTARY FIREARM REMOVAL PROCESS (PAYNE Z)** Repeals provisions concerning the: (1) confiscation and retention of firearms from a dangerous person; (2) compilation and publication of statistics related to the confiscation and retention of firearms from a dangerous person; and (3) making of a false report that a person is dangerous. Modifies a provision concerning a petition to find that an individual is no longer dangerous.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/15/2026 - added as coauthor Representative Lucas  
1/8/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1375](#)

**HB1391 USE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVICE WHILE DRIVING (JETER C)** Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally violates the statute prohibiting use of a telecommunications device while operating a moving motor vehicle commits a Level 5 felony if the violation is the proximate cause of serious bodily injury to another person.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/8/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/8/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1391](#)

**HB1410 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TRAINING REQUIREMENTS (GOSS-REAVES L)** Provides that, on or before July 1, 2027, the law enforcement training board shall establish a program to allow a law enforcement officer who has successfully completed the Tier II basic training requirement to subsequently complete the additional Tier I basic training requirements.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)



**Recent Status:** 1/8/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/8/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1410](#)

**HB1420 ASSIGNMENT OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSIONS (GIAQUINTA P)** Permits a court to order in an action for dissolution of marriage the assignment or garnishment of the monthly benefits that a member of the public employees' retirement fund is entitled to receive to another party in the dissolution action.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/8/2026 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
1/8/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1420](#)

**HB1431 STREET CAMPING (MILLER D)** Prohibits an individual from camping, sleeping, or using for long term shelter land owned by the state or a political subdivision, unless the land has been authorized for that use by law. Provides, if certain elements are met, that a person who knowingly or intentionally uses land owned by the state or a political subdivision for unauthorized camping, sleeping, or long term shelter commits a Class C misdemeanor. Allows an individual to be referred to a problem solving court program for a violation. Prohibits a political subdivision from adopting or enforcing any policy that prohibits or discourages the enforcement of any order or ordinance prohibiting public camping, sleeping, or other obstruction of a sidewalk. Authorizes a resident of the political subdivision, an owner of a business located in the political subdivision, or the attorney general to bring a civil action to enjoin a political subdivision that adopts or enforces such a policy.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 1/8/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
1/8/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [HB1431](#)

**HJR1 IMPEACHMENT OF A JUDGE OR PROSECUTOR (IRELAND A)** Provides that circuit court judges and prosecuting attorneys may be impeached for crime, incapacity, or negligence, or impeached or removed from office as prescribed by law. This proposed amendment has not been previously agreed to by a general assembly.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by House 3rd reading deadline (Rule 139.2)

**Recent Status:** 12/5/2025 - Referred to House Judiciary  
12/5/2025 - First Reading

**HR1 HONORING JOHN KAUTZMAN (GARCIA WILBURN V)** Honoring John Kautzman.

**Current Status:** 12/2/2025 - adopted

**Recent Status:** 12/2/2025 - First Reading  
12/2/2025 - Coauthored by Representative Jeter

**Current Bill Text:** [HR1](#)



- SB2**      **BAIL PROCEDURES (FREEMAN A)** Provides that offenses other than murder are not bailable if the state proves: (1) by a preponderance of the evidence that the proof is evident or the presumption strong; and (2) by clear and convincing evidence that the arrestee is dangerous and that no conditions of release will reasonably protect the safety of other persons or the community. Establishes procedures for a bail hearing. Removes duplicative provisions concerning repeat violent arrestees. Permits a court to retain cash bail for the payment of certain costs without an indigency hearing if the defendant has executed an agreement permitting the court to retain the cash bail for these purposes.  
**Current Status:** 1/28/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code  
**Recent Status:** 1/28/2026 - First Reading  
1/22/2026 - added as third author Senator Carrasco  
**Current Bill Text:** [SB2](#)
- SB14**      **PENSION MATTERS (ROGERS L)** Modifies the definition of "average of the annual compensation" for a member of the public employees' retirement fund (PERF) who retires after December 31, 2027. Specifies that compensation received in contemplation of retirement is excluded from the average of the annual compensation for particular members of PERF and the Indiana state teachers' retirement fund (TRF). Repeals a provision requiring the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement system (board) to maintain separate accounts for each unit of local government. Provides that amounts forfeited under the public employees defined contribution plan must be used as determined by the board. (Current law requires these amounts to be used to reduce the unfunded accrued liability of PERF.) Specifies a process by which a fully vested member of the public employees' defined contribution plan or the teachers' defined contribution plan may irrevocably elect to participate in PERF or TRF, as applicable. Modifies the information that must be included in a delinquency notice to a delinquent political subdivision. Modifies the requirements that apply to certain PERF members purchasing and claiming years of service credit in PERF. Allows, subject to particular requirements, certain TRF members to purchase and claim years of service credit in TRF. Allows a PERF or TRF member's employer to pay all or part of the member's contributions required for purchase of service credit. Allows an employee of a political subdivision to make a wage assignment for the purpose of paying voluntary contributions to a tax deferred retirement account. Provides that a municipality, a unit, an airport authority, a school corporation, or a charter school may require certain members of PERF to continue as members of that fund instead of the 1977 police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability fund. Makes conforming amendments. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on pension management oversight.)  
**Current Status:** 1/20/2026 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions  
**Recent Status:** 1/20/2026 - First Reading  
1/6/2026 - added as coauthor Senator Yoder  
**Current Bill Text:** [SB14](#)
- SB62**      **UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM BY A CHILD (TAYLOR G)** Adds felony unlawful possession of a firearm by a child to the list of crimes for which a juvenile court shall, upon motion of the prosecuting attorney, waive jurisdiction under certain circumstances. Removes certain crimes concerning children and firearms from the list of crimes in which a juvenile court does not have jurisdiction for an alleged violation. Removes language in the unlawful carrying of a handgun statute prohibiting a person less



than 18 years of age from carrying a handgun. Provides that the unlawful carrying of a handgun statute applies to a person who has been adjudicated as a delinquent child under the statute, and is at least 18 years of age but less than 23 years of age. Renames the "dangerous possession of a firearm" crime to "unlawful possession of a firearm by a child" and provides that the enhanced penalty applies if the offense was committed: (1) on or in school property; (2) within 500 feet of school property; or (3) on a school bus. Removes the reckless mens rea for unlawful possession of a firearm by a child. Makes technical changes.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 12/8/2025 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
12/8/2025 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB62](#)

**SB63 THIRTEENTH CHECK (NIEZGODSKI D)** Provides for a thirteenth check in calendar year 2026 for certain members, participants, or beneficiaries of the: (1) Indiana state teachers' retirement fund; (2) Indiana public employees' retirement fund; (3) state excise police, gaming agent, gaming control officer, and conservation enforcement officers' retirement plan; (4) state police pre-1987 benefit system; and (5) state police 1987 benefit system.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 1/12/2026 - added as coauthor Senator Qaddoura  
1/8/2026 - added as coauthor Senator Pol

**Current Bill Text:** [SB63](#)

**SB69 1977 PENSION AND DISABILITY FUND (ROGERS L)** Increases the lump sum death benefit payable to the heirs or estate of a 1977 fund member. Provides that a 1977 fund member may extend their deferred retirement option plan (DROP) retirement date up to 60 months after the member entered the DROP. Makes conforming changes.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - Referred to House Employment, Labor and Pensions

**Recent Status:** 1/29/2026 - First Reading  
1/28/2026 - Referred to House

**Current Bill Text:** [SB69](#)

**SB73 MASKS AT PUBLIC ASSEMBLIES (BYRNE G)** Makes wearing a mask at a public assembly a Class C misdemeanor, and increases the penalty to a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense. Provides a defense under certain circumstances. Increases the penalty for rioting and disorderly conduct to a Level 6 felony if the offense is committed while wearing a mask.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 12/8/2025 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
12/8/2025 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB73](#)

**SB76 IMMIGRATION MATTERS (BROWN L)** Provides that if a law enforcement officer, governmental body, or postsecondary educational institution is made a party to a civil suit



and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of certain immigration matters, the attorney general may defend the law enforcement officer, the governmental body, or the postsecondary educational institution if representation is requested. Provides that the prohibition on governmental bodies or postsecondary educational institutions limiting or restricting the enforcement of federal immigration law applies regardless of whether the enforcement is carried out by a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency. Allows the governor to withhold grants or state funding to a governmental body for a period not to exceed one year if the governmental body is found to have violated certain requirements concerning an immigration detainer. Provides that a governmental body that has the custody of an individual who is the subject of an immigration detainer request shall: (1) provide the judge authorized to grant or deny the individual's release on bail notice that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (2) record in the individual's case file that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (3) comply with the immigration detainer request; and (4) inform the individual that the individual is being held pursuant to an immigration detainer request. Requires a judge who receives notice that an individual is subject to an immigration detainer request to ensure that the notice of the immigration detainer request is recorded in the court's record. Requires the department of correction to adopt minimum standards for county jails to ensure proper cooperation between a jail and the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement, including enforcement of statutory requirements concerning an immigration detainer and allows for an affirmative defense if an officer has completed a training on these standards. Requires the office of the secretary to submit a report to the legislative council concerning certain immigration matters. Specifies that it is unlawful for an employer to knowingly or intentionally recruit, hire, or employ an unauthorized alien in Indiana. Allows the attorney general to bring an enforcement action against an employer if the attorney general determines that probable cause exists that the employer has violated certain recruitment and hiring restrictions concerning an unauthorized alien. Prohibits an employer from discharging or discriminating against an employee because the employee communicated or cooperated with the attorney general concerning compliance with certain recruitment or hiring practices and allows the employee to file a complaint with the commissioner of labor. Requires the commissioner of labor to adopt standards related to certain hiring practices concerning the prohibition of recruiting, hiring, or employing an unauthorized alien in Indiana. Provides that indecent nuisance means a place in which human trafficking is conducted and is not limited to a public place. Provides that a governmental entity that employs a prosecuting official is entitled to investigative costs, court costs, and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in an indecent nuisance action if the existence of an indecent nuisance is admitted or established in the action.

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - House Committee recommends passage, as amended Yeas: 9; Nays: 4

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - House Judiciary, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing); **Time & Location:** 10:30 AM, Room 156-B

1/28/2026 - Referred to House Judiciary

**Current Bill Text:** [SB76](#)

## **SB82**

**LOCAL REGULATION OF FIREARMS IN MARION COUNTY** (QADDOURA F) Provides that certain restrictions on the local regulation of firearms, ammunition, and firearm accessories may not be construed to prevent a county containing a consolidated city from regulating firearms, ammunition, or firearm accessories in a manner more restrictive than Indiana law if the regulation is recommended by a law enforcement agency that has



jurisdiction in the county. Specifies regulations that meet these parameters. Requires compliance with the federal and state constitutions.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 12/8/2025 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
12/8/2025 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB82](#)

## **SB115**

### **DRIVER INSTRUCTIONS OF LAW ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES (RANDOLPH**

L) Requires the driver education advisory board to consult with the commissioner of the bureau of motor vehicles (commissioner) and the state police department, and advise the commissioner in the administration of the policies of the commission and the bureau of motor vehicles (bureau) regarding driver education in: (1) the procedures of a law enforcement officer during a traffic stop; and (2) the actions a person should take during a traffic stop, including appropriate interaction with a law enforcement officer. Requires the bureau to include in any driver education manual published by the bureau the following: (1) A description of the procedures of a law enforcement officer during a traffic stop. (2) An explanation of the actions a person should take during a traffic stop, including appropriate interaction with a law enforcement officer. Provides that driver education curriculum must include instruction about actions to take during a traffic stop and the appropriate interaction with a law enforcement officer during a traffic stop.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB115](#)

## **SB122**

**VARIOUS IMMIGRATION MATTERS (KOCH E)** Provides that if a law enforcement officer, governmental body, or postsecondary educational institution is made a party to a civil suit and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of certain acts, the attorney general shall defend the law enforcement officer, governmental body, or postsecondary educational institution throughout the action. Clarifies that the enforcement of federal immigration laws may be carried out by federal, state, or local law enforcement. Removes the mens rea standard in the statute concerning governmental bodies or postsecondary institutions violating the citizenship and immigration status information and enforcement of federal laws chapter. Provides that a governmental body that has the custody of an individual who is the subject of an immigration detainer request shall: (1) provide the judge authorized to grant or deny the individual's release on bail notice that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (2) record in the individual's case file that the individual is subject to an immigration detainer request; (3) comply with the immigration detainer request; and (4) inform the individual that the individual is being held pursuant to an immigration detainer request. Provides immunity to a governmental body or an employee of a governmental body for any action taken concerning an immigration detainer request. Prohibits a political subdivision from taking certain actions to aid, assist, incentivize, or facilitate the migration of any alien or class of aliens into Indiana. Provides that if the attorney general determines that probable cause exists that a governmental entity has not complied with an immigration detention request, the attorney general may bring a court action to: (1) enjoin an act or practice constituting a violation of an immigration detention request; and (2) impose a civil penalty for



noncompliance with an immigration detention request. Requires a judge who receives notice that an individual is subject to an immigration detainer request to ensure that the notice of the immigration detainer request is recorded in the court's record. Prohibits an employer from knowingly or intentionally recruiting, hiring, or employing an unauthorized alien. Provides that if the attorney general determines that probable cause exists that an employer has recruited, hired, or employed an unauthorized alien, the attorney general may enjoin the action and seek the suspension of the employer's operating authorizations. Provides that a governmental entity that employs a prosecuting official is entitled to investigative costs and costs in an indecent nuisance action.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 1/15/2026 - added as coauthors Senators Goode, Buck  
1/8/2026 - removed as coauthor Senator Zay

**Current Bill Text:** [SB122](#)

### SB133

**PROTECTION FROM IMMIGRATION STATUS DISCLOSURE (FORD J)** Provides that a law enforcement officer may not request verification of the citizenship or immigration status of an individual from federal immigration authorities if the law enforcement officer determines that the individual: (1) has requested emergency medical assistance; or (2) acted in concert with another person who requested emergency medical assistance for an individual who reasonably appeared to be in need of medical assistance. Provides that the individual shall cooperate with emergency medical assistance personnel and law enforcement.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 12/11/2025 - Referred to Senate Judiciary  
12/11/2025 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB133](#)

### SB140

**DOXXING (BECKER V)** Provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally posts personal information of a targeted person, or of a person closely connected to the targeted person, to communicate a threat to the targeted person in retaliation for a prior lawful act commits doxxing. Provides that doxxing is a: (1) Class A misdemeanor; (2) Level 6 felony if the posting of the personal information results in the targeted person, or a person closely connected to the targeted person, suffering a serious bodily injury; or (3) Level 5 felony if the posting of the personal information results in the targeted person, or a person closely connected to the targeted person, suffering a catastrophic injury or death. Provides that certain conduct is not prohibited by the statute. Provides that the statute may not be construed to prevent, prohibit, limit, or restrict the freedom of expression protected by the Constitution of the State of Indiana or the Constitution of the United States.

**Current Status:** 2/4/2026 - House Courts and Criminal Code, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing); **Time & Location:** 10:30 AM, Room 156-A

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - added as cosponsor Representative Bascom  
1/28/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

**Current Bill Text:** [SB140](#)

### SB145

**LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES IN INDIANAPOLIS DOWNTOWN (YOUNG M)** Establishes a downtown district (district) within the city of Indianapolis. Provides that



after December 31, 2026, the governor has the duty and responsibility to provide adequate law enforcement services within the district. Requires the governor and executive of the consolidated city and county to take steps to negotiate and execute a mutual assistance agreement. Provides that if an agreement is not executed, the state police department shall provide all law enforcement services within the district after December 31, 2026, and unless or until a mutual assistance agreement is executed. Requires the governor to appoint a district special prosecutor that has concurrent jurisdiction with the prosecuting attorney of the judicial district. Provides after December 31, 2026, the district special prosecutor has primary jurisdiction and the prosecuting attorney of the judicial district has secondary jurisdiction to prosecute a crime committed in the district. Requires the treasurer of state to deduct the state's costs in providing law enforcement services and offices and staff for the special prosecutor from revenue held by the state that would otherwise be available for distribution to the consolidated city.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 1/5/2026 - Referred to Senate Corrections and Criminal Law  
1/5/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB145](#)

**SB148**      **INDIANA CRIME GUNS TASK FORCE** (POL R) Beginning July 1, 2027, adds LaPorte County and Porter County to the task force area of the Indiana crime guns task force (task force), and specifies the number required for a quorum and to take official action in the event of a tie vote.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

**Recent Status:** 1/29/2026 - First Reading  
1/28/2026 - Referred to House

**Current Bill Text:** [SB148](#)

**SB160**      **PUBLIC SAFETY** (DEERY S) Makes wearing a mask during the commission of a criminal offense a sentencing aggravator. Makes it malicious littering, a Class A misdemeanor, for a person to place refuse on the property of another person with the intent to cause the owner or occupant of the property to reasonably fear for their physical safety.

**Current Status:** 1/28/2026 - Referred to House Courts and Criminal Code

**Recent Status:** 1/28/2026 - First Reading  
1/22/2026 - added as third author Senator Baldwin

**Current Bill Text:** [SB160](#)

**SB227**      **COUNTER ACTION AGAINST UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (UAS)** (BALDWIN S) Provides that the state police department is the statewide coordinating agency for counter-UAS activities authorized under federal law. Provides that the bill's provisions apply: (1) if a federal law is enacted that authorizes state or local law enforcement personnel to detect, track, identify, or mitigate a UAS under federal approval, certification, or oversight; and (2) after the governor publishes a notice in the Indiana Register that includes a description of the authorization and identifies the federal statute or program that provides the authorization. Provides that the state police department may designate a law enforcement agency of a political subdivision as a participating agency if the agency satisfies federal requirements for personnel training and operational readiness. Provides that the state police department may designate Indianapolis as a pilot project location due to the concentration of high-risk sites and special event assessment rating events.



Provides that mitigation activities may not be performed unless expressly authorized under federal law.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - added as cosponsor Representative Culp

**Recent Status:** 1/28/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
1/28/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB227](#)

## **SB243**

**VARIOUS TAX MATTERS** (HOLDMAN T) Amends and adds state income tax statutes to conform with certain provisions enacted in Public Law 119-21 (H.R. 1) (commonly known as One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025). Amends state income tax withholding provisions for gambling winnings. Amends the definition of "contribution" for purpose of the state income tax credit for contributions to an ABLE account. Provides rounding provisions for cash transactions. Amends provisions regarding computation of specified research or experimental expenditures. Authorizes the department of state revenue (department) to mail documents electronically through its online tax system. Allows taxpayers to request to receive all documents from the department through the department's online tax system. Makes changes to certain tax warrant procedures. Extends the deadline for filing revenue agent report (RAR) adjustments from 180 days to one year from the Internal Revenue Service's finalization of the federal adjustments. Amends the statute of limitations for issuing assessments and refunds based on an RAR to one year. Adds certain sales tax enforcement provisions regarding motor vehicles, cargo trailers, aircraft, and watercraft. Amends provisions regarding confidentiality of tax information. Makes various changes to the cigarette tax chapter, the petroleum severance tax chapter, and the alcoholic beverage excise tax chapters. Specifies the liability of responsible persons for trust fund taxes. Defines the term "responsible person" with regard to trust fund taxes. Clarifies application of the Indiana adoption tax credit. Revises provisions in the pass through entity tax regarding credit for taxes paid to another state. Amends provisions in the tax amnesty program. Specifies the determination of estimated tax penalties. Makes amending changes to the aircraft license excise tax.

**Current Status:** 2/4/2026 - House Ways and Means, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing); **Time & Location:** 1:30 PM, Room 404

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - Referred to House Ways and Means  
2/2/2026 - First Reading

**Current Bill Text:** [SB243](#)

## **SB252**

**CRIMINAL LAW MATTERS** (FREEMAN A) Provides that a person who commits a criminal offense commits a separate offense for each victim of the offense. Requires the department of correction to weekly transport sentenced offenders from the Marion County adult detention center to the appropriate correctional facility. Removes a provision allowing an automatic change of judge when a judge rejects a plea agreement in a misdemeanor case. Allows the state to appeal a sentence in a criminal case. Makes sentences nonsuspendible for: (1) crimes of violence; and (2) persons charged with a felony who have a prior felony conviction. Provides that an inmate may earn not more than six months of educational credit for participating in an individualized case management plan. Increases the penalty for invasion of privacy if the crime is committed by a person against whom domestic battery charges are pending. Provides that crimes committed against different victims during the same episode of criminal conduct do not count against the sentencing cap that applies to crimes committed as part of the same



episode of criminal conduct. Specifies that persons convicted of certain crimes may not participate in a community corrections program. Increases the penalty for: (1) reckless homicide; (2) involuntary manslaughter; and (3) reckless supervision; to a Level 4 felony. Establishes the public prosecution fund and a prosecuting attorney compensation fee of \$40, which will be deposited in the public prosecution fund. Provides that a county may be reimbursed for certain prosecutorial expenses from the fund, unless the prosecuting attorney in the county is a noncompliant prosecuting attorney. Requires the Indiana prosecuting attorney's council to set standards for reimbursement. Makes it malicious littering, a Class A misdemeanor, for a person to place refuse on the property of another person with the intent to cause the owner or occupant of the property to reasonably fear for their physical safety.

**Current Status:** 1/29/2026 - DEAD BILL; Fails to advance by Senate 3rd reading deadline (Rule 79(a))

**Recent Status:** 1/22/2026 - added as coauthor Senator Ford J.D  
1/13/2026 - Committee Report amend do pass adopted;  
reassigned to Committee on Appropriations

**Current Bill Text:** [SB252](#)

**SB284**      **LAW ENFORCEMENT CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT BOARDS** (CARRASCO C) Provides that any type of law enforcement civilian oversight board or commission or any other entity established by a county, municipality, or township to provide civilian oversight over a law enforcement agency, excluding merit boards and commissions, may operate only in an advisory capacity to the applicable law enforcement agency and does not have binding authority over the law enforcement agency.

**Current Status:** 1/28/2026 - Referred to House Veterans Affairs and Public Safety

**Recent Status:** 1/28/2026 - First Reading  
1/27/2026 - Referred to House

**Current Bill Text:** [SB284](#)

**SCR4**      **URGING INDOT TO RENAME THE PORTION OF I-69 NORTH THE "GREGG WINTERS MEMORIAL MILE"** (ALEXANDER S) A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging the Indiana Department of Transportation to rename the portion of I-69 North beginning at mile marker 233 the "Gregg Winters Memorial Mile".

**Current Status:** 2/2/2026 - Committee Report do pass, adopted

**Recent Status:** 2/2/2026 - House Committee recommends passage Yeas: 12;  
Nays: 0  
2/2/2026 - House Roads and Transportation, (Bill Scheduled for Hearing); **Time & Location:** 10:30 AM, Room 156-A

**SJR1**      **CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT CONCERNING BAIL** (KOCH E) Provides that an offense other than murder or treason is not bailable if: (1) the proof is evident or the presumption strong; and (2) the state proves by clear and convincing evidence that no release conditions will reasonably protect the safety of any other person or the community. This proposed amendment has been agreed to by one general assembly.

**Current Status:** 1/28/2026 - Referred to House Judiciary

**Recent Status:** 1/28/2026 - First Reading  
1/22/2026 - added as coauthor Senator Young M



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